

Does grain refinement improve energy storage performance?

Song et al. synthesized (Ba 0.4 Sr 0.6)TiO 3 samples with different grain sizes (0.3-3.4 µm) and found that the grain refinement obviously improved the breakdown electric field so that the energy storage performance enhanced,but the breakdown strength deteriorated when the grain size was smaller than 0.7 µm [26].

Does grain size affect energy storage performance of bczt ceramics?

Although there have been some studies on the effects of grain size on the energy storage density of BaTiO 3 and Ba x Sr 1-x TiO 3 ceramics, little attention been paid to the influences of grain size on the energy storage performances of BCZT ceramics.

What is grain size engineered 0.9knn-0.1bf?

Compared with other lead-free dielectric ceramics, grain size engineered 0.9KNN-0.1BF is the first high-performance ceramic material with both an exceptionally large Wrec and ultrahigh mechanical properties, which can accelerate the practical use of APPCs.

Does grain size affect EB and mechanical performance?

Previous research has confirmed that the grain size has a strong effecton the Eb and mechanical performance, namely, the Eb and mechanical performance of dielectric ceramics could be increased via decreasing grain size ,,,,.

How does grain size affect mechanical strength?

For example, Yip et al. proved that the mechanical strength gradually increases with decreasing grain size by computer simulations . Furthermore, Wang et al. and Vashi et al. demonstrated from experiments that the sf and H gradually increase with the decrease of grain size, respectively ,.

How to increase the energy storage density of polycrystalline ceramics?

Here, we propose a strategy to increase the breakdown electric field and thus enhance the energy storage density of polycrystalline ceramics by controlling grain orientation.

DOI: 10.1016/J.NANOEN.2019.02.003 Corpus ID: 139805436; Grain size engineered lead-free ceramics with both large energy storage density and ultrahigh mechanical properties @article{Yang2019GrainSE, title={Grain size engineered lead-free ceramics with both large energy storage density and ultrahigh mechanical properties}, author={Zetian Yang and Feng ...

The Effect of Ultrafine Ferroelectric Material Grain Size on Energy Storage Density Abstract: Using molecular dynamics simulation, we conducted a study to investigate the relationship between the hysteresis loop, residual polarization, coercive field, and dielectric constant of barium titanate polycrystals under the



influence of different ...

The effect of grain size on the energy storage properties of BST ceramics (Tc ? -65 C) was investigated. With decreasing grain sizes, a clear tendency toward the diffuse phase transition was observed and the dielectric nonlinearity was reduced gradually, which can be explained by the Devonshire's phenomenological theory (from the ...

Song et al. reported the effect of grain sizes from 0.5 µm to 5.6 µm in Ba 0.6 Sr 0.4 TiO 3 ceramics to investigate the energy storage performance, and the samples with a grain size of 0.5 µm showed a high W rec of 1.28 J/cm 3 at an E b of 243 kV/cm.

The micron ranges grain size of bulk ceramics severely constrains the improvement of the breakdown strength (BDS), which restricts the applicability of ceramic capacitors in terms of energy storage. ... Fine-grain induced outstanding energy storage performance in novel Bi 0.5 K 0.5 TiO 3-Ba(Mg 1/3 Nb 2/3)O 3 ceramics via a hot-pressing ...

In our previous work, with the use of only 200 nm BT-KNN powders to obtain energy storage ceramics with nanodomains, because the sample had a uniform grain size, we could not further improve its BDS, leading to difficultly in enhancing the W (2.24 g/cm 3), W rec (1.90 g/cm 3), and i (84.8%) while keeping the DP unchanged. 30 Because the BDS ...

The results indicate that Y-doping is an effective method to modulate the average grain size and improve the energy storage performance of the PBLZST anti-ferroelectric ceramics. View.

To enhance the energy storage performance in dielectric materials, researchers utilized strategies such as refining grain morphology or grain orientation at a mesoscopic scale 8,9 as well as ...

Lead-free dielectric ceramics with both a high recoverable energy storage density (Wrec) and excellent mechanical performance are highly desirable for practical applications in ...

Lead-free dielectric ceramics exhibiting excellent energy storage capacity, long service life, and good safety have been considered to have immense prospects in next-generation pulsed power capacitors. ... Combinatorial Optimization of Grain Size and Domain Morphology Boosts the Energy Storage Performance in (Bi 0.5 Na 0.5)TiO 3-Based ...

The grain size of SBT2 is obvious smaller than that of SBT1, ... Fine-grain induced outstanding energy storage performance in novel Bi 0.5 K 0.5 TiO 3-Ba(Mg 1/3 Nb 2/3)O 3 ceramics via hot-press strategy. J. Mater. Chem. C, 7 (2019), pp. 12127-12138. Crossref View in Scopus Google Scholar

BaTiO 3 ceramics are difficult to withstand high electric fields, so the energy storage density is relatively low, inhabiting their applications for miniaturized and lightweight power electronic devices. To address this issue,



we added Sr 0.7 Bi 0.2 TiO 3 (SBT) into BaTiO 3 (BT) to destroy the long-range ferroelectric domains. Ca 2+ was introduced into BT-SBT in the ...

The BT-KNN ceramics with grain size of 200 nm have higher energy storage properties, including W (2.50 J/cm3), Wrec (2.08 J/cm3), and i (83.2%), than those of the BT-KNN ceramics with the grain ...

Yang, Z. T. et al. Grain size engineered lead-free ceramics with both large energy storage density and ultrahigh mechanical properties. Nano Energy 58, 768-777 (2019). CAS Google Scholar

Grain size engineering is considered as an extremely effective method to realize high electric breakdown strength and enhance the recoverable energy density this work, the SnO 2 additive is proposed to drive the grain size smaller and enhance the energy storage performance of the (Ba 0.85 Ca 0.15)(Zr 0.2 Ti 0.8)O 3 lead-free ceramics. The (Ba 0.85 Ca ...

The simulation results based on phase field theory verifies small grain size and abundant amorphous grain boundary can boost the breakdown strength and thus improve energy storage properties for dielectric ceramic capacitors.The grain and grain boundary morphology can be cautiously controlled by two-step sintering strategy: high sintering temperature at first stage ...

Yang, Z. et al. Grain size engineered lead-free ceramics with both large energy storage density and ultrahigh mechanical properties. Nano Energy 58, 768-777 (2019). Article CAS Google Scholar

DOI: 10.1016/J.JEURCERAMSOC.2013.11.039 Corpus ID: 135955684; Effect of grain size on the energy storage properties of (Ba0.4Sr0.6)TiO3 paraelectric ceramics @article{Song2014EffectOG, title={Effect of grain size on the energy storage properties of (Ba0.4Sr0.6)TiO3 paraelectric ceramics}, author={Zhe Song and Hanxing Liu and Shujun ...

The most important was that by controlling the grain size to be reduced, the discharge energy storage density had been improved to 2.0 J/cm3 with high breakdown strength (325 kV/cm). In addition, the comprehensive analysis of electric field distributions, breakdown paths, and impedance spectra was illustrated the enhanced grain boundary effect ...

A giant Wrec ~ 10.06 J cm-3 is realized in lead-free relaxor ferroelectrics, especially with an ultrahigh i $\sim 90.8\%$, showing breakthrough progress in the comprehensive ...

In summary, the (Ba 0.95 Sr 0.05)(Zr 0.2 Ti 0.8)O 3 ceramics were intensively investigated by refining grain size by different sintering techniques to optimize the ability of energy storage. It is revealed that two-step sintering can effectively inhibit grain growth and uniform grain-size distribution compared with single-step sintering.

The outstanding energy-storage performance is resulted from modulating the grain size via doping the



moderate content of Bi 3+ and Mg 2+ /Sn 4+, which is beneficial to ...

BaTiO 3-based ceramics with various grain sizes (136-529 nm) are prepared through a chemical coating method followed by sintering in a reducing atmosphere.Effects of grain size and temperature on electric properties, energy-storage properties, and dielectric tunability are studied via Current-Field (J-E) curves, ferroelectric hysteresis loops, Capacitance-Voltage ...

In recent years, the rapid development of high electrical energy storage systems has advanced the active investigation and innovation of energy storage materials [1], [2]. The target devices for these materials are primarily electric armors, electric guns, particle beam accelerators, high power microwave sources, and ballistic missile systems [3] order to ...

The present article focuses on the electrical energy storage capacity of BaNb 2 O 6 (BN) ceramic material with varying sintering time duration of material synthesized by solid state reaction method. The crystal phase formation during calcination process was studied with high temperature x-ray diffraction, which confirms the formation of desired crystalline phase at ...

a large maximum polarization (P m), a small remnant polarization (P r), and a high breakdown electric field (E b) is essential for attaining a substantial density of recoverable energy storage (W ...

In the past decade, efforts have been made to optimize these parameters to improve the energy-storage performances of MLCCs. Typically, to suppress the polarization hysteresis loss, constructing relaxor ferroelectrics (RFEs) with nanodomain structures is an effective tactic in ferroelectric-based dielectrics [e.g., BiFeO 3 (7, 8), (Bi 0.5 Na 0.5)TiO 3 (9, ...

The dependence of energy storage properties on grain size was investigated in BaTiO 3-based ferroelectric ceramics. Modified BaTiO 3 ceramics with different grain size ...

Moreover, it is essential to note that the grain size significantly impacts the energy storage capacity of dielectric ceramics. According to the grain size effect, ceramic materials with tiny grains may exhibit muscular breakdown strength, low remnant polarization P r, and a low coercive electric field [32].

Grain size and dense microstructure play an important role in getting superior energy storage properties. The presence of voids and pores in dielectric ceramics has a negative impact on their energy storage performance, as these imperfections greatly reduce the breakdown strength. ... Download: Download full-size image; Fig. 7. Energy storage ...

The findings of this study suggest that decreasing grain size while increasing band gap width may provide insight and assist researchers in proposing a novel strategy to ...

The effects of grain size on dielectric properties, energy-storage performance and electrocaloric effect (ECE)



of Pb0.85Ba0.05La0.10(Zr0.90Ti0.10)O3 (PBLZT) antiferroelectric thick films were systematically studied. As the grain size was increased, dielectric constant of the thick films was increased, while their critical breakdown field was decreased. A giant reversible ...

The outstanding energy-storage performance is resulted from modulating the grain size via doping the moderate content of Bi 3+ and Mg 2+ /Sn 4+, which is beneficial to increase the breakdown field by increasing resistivity under high electric field while increasing the grain boundary activation energy and promote the formation of a relaxor ...

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